

MONDAY NEXT
Evening World

Charlie Chaplin's Own Story of His Trip Abroad

A S F U L L O F F U N A S H I S P I C T U R E S

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Hoxie was assaulted and murdered Feb. 2, 1920, in the home of her mother, No. 72 West 9th Street. Persons who saw the murderer said he was a young man with a very black mustache.

Alexander MacArthur, whose name before he was adopted was Alexander Warren, was called into the office of Capt. Carey, Chief of the Homicide Squad, this afternoon after Carey had consulted with detectives who had been searching for the slayer of Rene Hoxie. MacArthur is smooth shaven.

"Did you ever wear a beard?" asked Carey.

"Never," replied MacArthur. "All I ever wore was a mustache."

"How long ago was that?" asked Carey.

"I don't remember," answered MacArthur, after a few moments of hesitation.

WANTS COUNTRY MADE "WET" AGAIN.

New Yorker Asks Supreme Court to Declare 18th Amendment Void.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Defending what he described as his own "liberties and the liberties of his countrymen," Robert A. Widenmann of New York filed in the Supreme Court to-day a brief in a case in which he seeks to have the National Prohibition Amendment declared unconstitutional.

He contends the amendment exceeds Federal control over the internal affairs of the States, especially, invades their police powers, deprives people of the liberty "to gratify their natural desires in the pursuit of happiness" and of a hearing by jury before being deprived of their "rights," and that it takes their private property without compensation. The courts of the District of Columbia decided against Widenmann.

DR. LORENZ A VICTIM OF FAKER WEINBERG

Imposter Accused of Molesting Patients as Surgeon's Secretary.

No word had come to the police or the associates of Dr. Adolf Lorenz of Vienna as to the whereabouts of Stephen Weinberg, the imposter who for a few days foisted himself on Dr. Lorenz as surgical secretary under the name of Dr. Clifford Weyman. Numerous complaints have come to the friends of Dr. Lorenz of sums collected by "Dr. Weyman" for preference in the examination of suffering children by the Viennese surgeon, and an effort will be made to sustain a criminal charge on him.

He served a penitentiary sentence in 1917 for using a letter to which the name of United States Senator William M. Calder was forged to get employment in a bank. He has also been detected posing as Lieut. Royale St. Cyr and Capt. Rodney Stirling Weyman, under which name he gave misleading information to the newspapers about the affairs of Harold McCormick of Chicago and the Chicago Opera Company.

HELD FOR EXTORTION AS FAKE DRY AGENT

One of Two Accused of Obtaining \$500 as "Cash Bail."

Roy Mulcahey, No. 511 West 138th Street, was held in \$7,500 bail in the Yorkville Court on a charge of extortion, William J. Powers, No. 145 East 75th Street, was held on Nov. 4 Mulcahey and another man went to his home, showed a fake search warrant, told him he was "under arrest" for having liquor and offered to release him "in \$100 cash bail." He says Mulcahey's companion got the money.

On Nov. 14, two more men called in Powers and showed a police alias. This time Powers says he gave up \$100. On this complaint Leo P. Sexton, a member of the truck squad, was held in \$2,000 bail.

FATHER J. J. McATEER IS DEAD IN BROOKLYN

Was Rector of Church of Our Lady of Mercy.

The Rev. James J. McAteer, sixty-seven, pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, in Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, died in the rectory to-day after a brief illness from pneumonia. Father McAteer was for fourteen years rector of the church.

Father McAteer was born in Brooklyn on Aug. 19, 1854, and attended the parochial schools, later graduating from St. Francis Xavier College in Manhattan. He pursued his theological studies in the Grand Seminary at Montreal and was ordained by Archbishop Faber in Montreal on Dec. 20, 1884.

His first assignment was as assistant to Mr. James B. Duffy in the Church of St. Agnes, Brooklyn.

CLAM WOMAN ACCUSED OF SHOP-LIFTING HAD MAN LOOK-OUT.

Margerie Epstein, alias Margaret Smith, and Harry Garlin, alias Frank Locano and Frank De Carlo, were held in \$500 bail each for examination Wednesday on charges of petty larceny. The complainant before Magistrate Simpson in Yorkville Court was Francis R. Devine, a store detective, who accused the woman of taking \$12 worth of cigarette cases and a dress worth \$35 while she was acting as look-out. Miss Epstein gave her address as No. 124 W. 109th Street, and Garlin as No. 124 W. 109th Street.

LOLITA MITCHELL, NEE ARMOUR, GOES TO DR. LORENZ'S AID

Woman He Cured as Girl Leads Fight on Surgeons Who Bar Him in Chicago.

PROTEST HIS VISIT.

Twelve Specialists Declare His Coming Only Raises False Hopes.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—Lolita Armour Mitchell, daughter of the millionaire packer and Chicago's wealthiest woman, to-day led the fight against surgeons who have closed doors of Chicago hospitals to Dr. Lorenz, famous orthopedic surgeon.

Mrs. Mitchell, who was cured of hip trouble while a child by Dr. Lorenz, said in an interview with the United Press she would do whatever she could to "repay the debt I owe Dr. Lorenz for my health and happiness."

Mrs. Mitchell was busy arranging her new home on the "Gold Coast." She had just returned from her honeymoon, having recently married John J. Mitchell, banker's son, uniting the two largest fortunes in Chicago.

"If Dr. Lorenz's visit here would result in a cure for one child now facing the life of a cripple it would be worth while," Mrs. Mitchell declared.

"One cure would not only give happiness to one poor child, but would give encouragement to hundreds of others."

"Dr. Lorenz is undoubtedly a much better orthopedic surgeon than any we have in this country. He proved that when he cured me after all other leaders have failed."

Mrs. Mitchell answered the statement of Chicago surgeons that they looked with disfavor on the "newspaper notoriety" which Dr. Lorenz has received since coming to this country.

"Although Dr. Lorenz has received a great deal of attention and publicity, I am sure it was not because he desired it," she said. "He always opposed publicity, but newspapers made much of him because he was a 'good story.' He wanted to be agreeable and help the newspaper men."

Mrs. Mitchell, whose hip trouble had been pronounced incurable by many surgeons in this country, is now healthy and happy. She is noted among the Chicago social set for her athletic abilities.

"Dr. Lorenz saved me from the life of an invalid," she said. "I am going to do whatever I can to defend him from this attack."

Twelve prominent physicians issued a joint statement to-day pointing out the harm to invalids they thought would arise from publicity given to Dr. Lorenz, who is expected to visit Chicago soon. It was announced unofficially that a number of Chicago hospitals had decided not to invite Dr. Lorenz to their clinics.

The statement said the American medical profession looks with disfavor on newspaper publicity of the type Dr. Lorenz has received, and added:

"Such publicity inevitably will arouse a response amounting to hysteria, which will bring so many unfortunate cripples of all sorts—so many incurables—that careful, deliberate examination of their ill will be physically impossible and bitter disappointment will come to many hopeful sufferers led to expect the impossible."

"The public does not realize that the first operation or treatment in a deformity case is only the beginning and few surgeons are willing to take upon themselves the responsibility and trouble involved in giving the post-operative care, which may last several months or years, in cases which have been operated by some one else."

The statement was signed by Drs. Wallace Blanchard, John Ridion, John L. Porter, Edwin W. Ryerson, Frederick Cleveland Test, Charles M. Jacobs, Charles A. Parker, Henry B. Thomas, Robert O. Ritter, Philip Lewin, Beveridge H. Moore and E. J. Berkeheiser.

ARRESTED IN FURNIER'S MURDER.

Reginald Madsen, No. 172 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, was arrested to-day in Hoboken by Detective Malcomb of Fifth Avenue Station, Brooklyn. On Friday last Samuel Katz, a furrier of No. 54 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, was held up and killed. Otto Holke of the Carroll Street address, was chased by a crowd and arrested. Holke, the police allege, said Madsen was one of two others with him.

JOHN H. DELANEY, WHO BECOMES HEAD OF DOCKS ON JAN. 1



JOHN H. DELANEY

DELANEY ACCEPTS HULBERT'S POST AS HEAD OF DOCKS

Former Transit Commissioner Will Assume Duties First of the Year.

Announcement was made at the City Hall to-day that John H. Delaney had accepted the office of Commissioner of Docks, to succeed Murray Hulbert, Aldermanic President-elect. Mr. Delaney will take office on Jan. 1.

The selection of Mr. Delaney has been anticipated by politicians. Mayor Hylan considers him particularly well equipped to take up the accomplishment of the extensive plan of dock and harbor improvements which was launched by Commissioner Hulbert.

Mr. Delaney is a Brooklynite. He began his wage earning career as a printer and eventually became President of "Big 6." He was at one time business manager of the Morning Telegraph. When William Sulzer was nominated for Governor Mr. Delaney was selected by Tammany Hall to manage his campaign. Gov. Sulzer appointed him Commissioner of Efficiency and Economy, and he was continued in that office by Gov. Glynn.

In the first Hylan campaign Mr. Delaney was the manager behind the scenes. Mayor Hylan appointed him Commissioner of Plant and Structures and he held that office until Gov. Smith appointed him Transit Commissioner. Mr. Delaney was at work on a comprehensive plan of transit reform when he was legislated out of office by the last Legislature, which created a new Transit Commission. He was the active manager of the last Hylan campaign.

Centre Again on Harvard's List

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 3.—The Harvard varsity football schedule for next fall, as tentatively drawn up, was announced by Major Fred W. Moore, Graduate Manager of Athletics, to-day. It follows recent indications, with Centre College and Penn State holding the big mid-season dates. Their order has been reversed, however, Centre playing on Oct. 21 instead of Oct. 23, as first proposed.

The schedule follows: Sept. 30, double-header, with Middlebury College as one of Harvard's two opponents; Oct. 7, Holy Cross; 14, Bowdoin; 21, Centre; 28, Penn State; Nov. 4, pending; 11, Princeton; 18, Brown; 25, Yale. All games will be played here except that with Yale, which next year will be at New Haven.

CHILD DIES FROM BEING HIT BY WILD JETNEY.

Belle Snyder, eight, No. 1058 Garfield Avenue, Jersey City, died to-day from injuries received when she was struck Wednesday night by a jitney bus as it sped down the street. The child was riding on the back of a car. The car was driven by George J. Rourke of No. 23 Terhune Avenue, Jersey City. Rourke lost control of his car and it ran upon the sidewalk at Communipaw and Garfield Avenues. It knocked down three small children. The other two were not seriously hurt. He is held for manslaughter.

BIG HOME FOR PRINCETON CLUB.

Plans have been filed with the Bureau of Buildings for making over the four-story dwellings at the north-west corner of Park Avenue and 39th Street for occupancy by the Princeton Club. An addition is to be built in the rear and the building made into one and increased to eleven stories. Aymar Embury, II, is the architect and has estimated the cost at \$150,000. The Princeton Club is the owner of record.

GARMENT STRIKE QUIZ OFF UNTIL COURT REVIEWS IT

Undermyer Causes Postponement of Investigation by State Industrial Commission.

Samuel Undermyer, counsel of the striking garment makers' union, to-day told the committee of the State Industrial Commission, which is investigating economic phases of the strike, that his clients refused to participate in the investigation until the courts had determined the cause of the walkout.

There was sharp debate in the committee room at No. 124 East 28th Street, and some heat to the proceedings, which came to an end after an hour's session. The committee decided to accept Mr. Undermyer's suggestion that action be delayed until the courts had ruled, and adjourned until convoked by the Chairman.

Max D. Steuer, counsel to the manufacturers, agreed with Mr. Undermyer as to the propriety of postponement, and the comment of Chairman Higgins upon this was that it seemed to him there was a concerted effort to put the committee "out of business."

"Has the court the power to make workers work or to make employers work?" asked Marcus M. Marks, one of the committee.

"It has been done," Mr. Undermyer replied, sentimentally. "But I don't intend to argue my case here," he added.

Industrial Commissioner Sayer then remarked that there was a difference between the two proceedings, one by the court to establish the legal rights of the parties to the contract between workers and employers and the other to examine economic conditions of the trade.

"So far as we are concerned," said Mr. Undermyer, "there is only one issue—the contract. Why this committee should break into this situation at this particular time when the matter is before a judicial tribunal is a little difficult to understand. However, it may have been done before there was knowledge of the injunction proceedings."

Again Mr. Undermyer arose and declared that he could not recognize the jurisdiction of the committee, adding, "The Commissioner had no right to appoint salaried State officers to make the investigation."

Commissioner Sayer, with added warmth, replied that the members were serving without pay, to which Mr. Undermyer exclaimed, "Why all this heat about it?"

"I withdraw the heat," answered the Commissioner, and called the first witness, Louis Lustig, President of the Manufacturers' Protective Association. But Mr. Lustig had no chance to testify. The committee called a moment and then announced it would accept Mr. Undermyer's original suggestion.

Of the \$5,000 cloak and suit workers' strike fund, \$15,000 were employed by members of the Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Protective Association. It is for these that the \$15,000 fund was set up. Morris Hillquit, as counsel, are going to bring suit against their former employers under the principle laid down in the famous Danbury hat-makers' case, in which it was established that the party abrogating a labor contract is liable for damages in the amount of the monetary loss caused to the other party.

In the Danbury Hatters' case the hat-makers declared a strike to enforce the closed shop in the factory of the Low & Co. They also declared a boycott against Low & Co. products. Low & Co. brought suit under the Sherman Anti-Trust Act against their 140 striking employees and got a verdict for \$15,000. The members of the union raised \$50,000 to meet the judgment. It barely paid interest charges and Low & Co. attacked their homes foreclosed and evicted the whole lot of them.

In the case of the 15,000 former employees of the Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Protective Association, Mr. Hillquit is preparing papers bringing suit against its 200 members for the wages which would have been earned between Nov. 11 and June 1 (the period when the contract between the association and union remained in force) for approximately \$5,000,000. He estimates that the members of the union for would have earned \$5 a week in the fifteen "working weeks" included in that period.

STARS NIBBLE TO GET HOME BACK.

Albert Emery of No. 339 West 90th Street to-day brought suit in the Supreme Court to compel his niece, Agnes T. Rose, to return to him his home at the above address, with bonds of the United States Corporation for \$10,000. Mr. Emery says that in Sept. 15, 1921 he conveyed the property to his niece at her request on condition that she would return for it on or before Dec. 15. He called upon her for its return on Nov. 13, but she declined to give it up.

CITY SUES CAR LINE BROKERS.

Job E. Hedgus, Receiver of the New York City Railways Company, was sued to-day in the Supreme Court for \$34,000, alleged to be due to the City of New York for the use of the tracks of the company's tracks in various parts of the city. The action was brought by Corporation Counsel O'Brien and comprised seventeen complaints.

MISS ORAH TRULL IS WEDDED TO-DAY TO H. L. CARPENTER



Ceremony Is in a Brooklyn Church, Dr. Cadman Officiating.

This is the wedding day of Miss Orah Trull, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. John H. Trull, and Herbert Lyon Carpenter, son of Mrs. James O. Carpenter. They will be married in the New York Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. The Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman will conduct the service.

Miss Trull's maid of honor and only attendant will be Miss Josephine Carpenter, sister of the bridegroom.

COURT SUBPOENA PACKING WORKERS

Union Men Ignored Efforts of Kansas Industrial Court to Avert Strike.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 3.—Subpoenas for the officials of five Kansas City, Kan., locals of the Amalgamated Association of Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of America, were issued by the Kansas Court of Industrial Relations, sitting in Kansas City, Kan., to-day, following failure of the union representatives to appear before the court in response to summonses for a hearing on the packing workers' strike set for Monday.

The Sheriff of Wyandotte County and his deputies were sent out to serve the subpoenas.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The packers are not dismayed at the strike call. G. F. Swift Jr., Vice President of Swift & Co., said:

"We do not expect any cessation of work at any of our plants because of the threatened walkout of the union members. Our shop committees meet voluntarily and agreed upon the wage cut as announced and we know that they represent the majority of our employees. We make no distinction between union and non-union workers in engaging our workers."

All employees of Armour & Co. who strike will lose their jobs and place themselves beyond the protection of the plant conference board and divisional committees. This statement was made in resolutions adopted by the board.

FOUR FOUND GUILTY OF \$100,000 ROBBERY

Convicted of Stealing Woolens From Diverted Freight Car.

Four of five men charged with stealing \$100,000 worth of woolens from a freight car on the Erie at Soho, N. J., on May 24, 1920, were convicted by a jury in the Federal District Court here to-day.

The goods were carried away in trucks, first to a warehouse at 135th Street and Ryder Avenue, afterward to a saloon at 24th Street and 13th Avenue. The men convicted are Nathan Zimmerman, owner of the warehouse; Matty Donovan, owner of the saloon; Dominick Luci, porter in the saloon, and George Barron, conductor of the Erie train, who diverted the car to Soho. The fifth man, James Carluogha, a Gaghan, was acquitted because he had merely obeyed orders.

FLORIDA POSTMISTRESS NOT GUILTY OF MURDER

ORLANDO, Fla., Dec. 3.—Lena M. T. Clarke, former Postmistress, was found not guilty because of insanity on a charge of murdering F. A. Milumore, a restaurateur. Baxter H. Patterson, jointly indicted with Miss Clarke, was acquitted without reservation as to sanity.

The jury announced the verdict after about two hours' deliberation.

BARRY SONNINO'S BROTHER DEAD.

ROME, Dec. 3.—Giorgio Sonnino, Senator from Florence, died here to-day of a heart ailment. He was the brother of the late Baron Sydney Sonnino, former Foreign Minister.

CHARTER REVISION COMMISSION SPLITS AT FIRST MEETING

(Continued From First Page.)

session if the work was concluded in a few months.

Previous to this the group had been photographed. The photographer asked Mayor Hylan to sit alongside Gov. Miller.

"I will," said the Mayor, "with the Governor's permission."

"That is granted," said the Governor, smilingly.

The Governor, after he had explained why he had called the meeting, announced that Mayor Hylan had refused to qualify by taking the oath.

"Of course," the Governor continued, "ordinarily the acceptance of a State position by the Mayor would undoubtedly vacate his office."

"But the act creating this commission was so drawn, it was thought, as to save any question on that point by expressly providing that the acceptance of the office should not in any manner affect the title to the present office. The Mayor has said that he will be glad to sit with you and co-operate in every way."

Mr. Scott offered the opinion that the Mayor was a member of the commission by virtue of his office and it was not necessary for him to take the oath. Former Comptroller Metz, who was a member of the Higher Charter Commission and at the same time a city official, shared that view.

"The Mayor, I am sure," said Gov. Miller with a smile, "thoroughly appreciates that there is no deeply laid plot in this thing."

"Oh, no," said the Mayor, but not enthusiastically.

"That plot was laid when the bill was passed," put in Comptroller Craig, "and when the companion resolution for the Meyer Investigating Committee was adopted. That was when the plot was laid, and it has since hatched and the crop is out."

Comptroller Craig said he had signed the oath several hours after his appointment and wasn't afraid he would lose his job and wouldn't be heartbroken if he did lose it. Then he proceeded to throw a monkey wrench into the machinery.

"I think this meeting should be deferred until the Mayor can determine his standing fully for himself and President Rieglemann also," said the Comptroller. "I think the investigation should have the good will and the confidence of the government of the community."

"There should be a recognition in the organization of its express desire to the people of this city. Now it cannot be forgotten that the measure under which we have just begun to organize was introduced by Senator Meyer as a companion of the so-called Meyer resolution for the investigation of the various activities in municipal government of the City of New York, and we in the city here have had experience in the way that particular department was conducted."

"I do not need to go into any details in regard to it, but I think I fairly state the public view when I say that that commission has not only pressed the people of this city, that it is not concerned so much for the welfare of the City of New York as it has been to serve some ulterior end. Now it would be very unfortunate if the people would regard it as an up-State body interfering with the city."

The Comptroller brought up the question of the right of the Mayor to designate Mr. Scott as Chairman. He called attention to the fact that Mr. Scott has within a few days appeared as counsel for the City of New York, and we in the city here have had experience in the way that particular department was conducted."

"It seems to me," he continued, "that the Governor should be the last one to be a party to the creation of the impression that the commission has in any way been packed—if I may use a terse expression."

He called attention to the fact that the charter as revised, according to the suggestions of the commission, will have to come to the Mayor for his signature and that the Mayor, undoubtedly will veto it if there is a suggestion that the home rule rights of the city are violated. In that event, he said, the Legislature would pass the measure over the Mayor's signature and the Governor signed it in the position of having a charter rammed down their throats.

Mr. Craig, who had been named temporary chairman and had turned the chair over to Col. Parsons then put Mayor Hylan in nomination for permanent chairman. When the Mayor had been turned down, Mr. Craig moved to lay the nomination of Mr. Scott on the table. The motion was voted down viva voce as was Comptroller Craig's motion to adjourn. The session proceeded to business.

The commission having selected a sub-committee to engage former Supreme Court Justice Edward J. McGoldrick as counsel, caused Comptroller Craig just at the commission was about to adjourn, to move that Justice McGoldrick's appointment be confirmed then and there, "for fear your committee may change its mind."

This brought a hot retort from Chairman Scott, who said: "Now, look here, Craig, don't get at me accusing every other member of this commission of being a crook; to say to me, 'You may change your mind,' is accusing me of being a crook, and I won't stand for it."

Comptroller Craig said no such meaning was intended, and then Prof. McBain was selected to be Secretary of the commission. Justice McGoldrick moved an adjournment, subject to the call of the Chair, which brought Mr. Craig to his feet again to ask in the interest of expedition that a special

LANDRU TO APPEAL, ALTHOUGH DYING

Jury Unanimous in Plea for Clemency, but Condemned Man Hesitates.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—Every possible method of saving Henri Landru from the guillotine is to be attempted, M. Moro-Giafferi, his counsel, announced to-day. Appeals will be taken to higher courts, to the Board of Pardons and finally to the President of the republic.

Should all these fail and the death sentence be executed, the "Bluebeard of Gambais" will have to lose his famous brown beard so that the collar of the guillotine will fit his neck. The Paris papers are already making jocular comments as to how he will look without his whiskers.

A unanimous appeal for clemency was signed by the jury at the request of M. Moro-Giafferi, the foreman said. Landru himself at first refused to sign, saying, "I am not the kind of man to beg for mercy," but he was finally persuaded.

It is said he is rapidly dying and knows it, so this may account for his indifference to the future. He is too weak to take any exercise and spends his days lying on the cot in his cell.

REAL WINTER ENDS VIENNA DISORDERS

Blizzard More Effective Than Police, as It Suspends All Business.

VIENNA, Dec. 3 (Associated Press).—Advent of real winter weather has served better than the police to restore order in Vienna following the serious rioting of Thursday, when 174 stores were wrecked. The city yesterday was in the grip of a blizzard, with the temperature several degrees below the freezing point and a bitter wind driving fine snow through the bleak, almost deserted streets.

Business was completely suspended, even the provision stores and markets being tightly shuttered. The Bourse also was closed and guarded by police. Defilements of troops withdrawn from Burgenland arrived, and heavy guards were posted at the bridges on the Danube Canal and those leading to the industrial section.

A general exodus of profiteers and idlers is taking place, every outbound train being crowded.

MRS. HUMANN ALLOWED TO SEE HER DAUGHTER

Mother and Girl Accused of Garbe Murder Met in Jail.

Mrs. Margaret Humann, the mother of Gusale Humann, the young woman under indictment for the murder of Harry Garbe, and confined in the Queens County Jail at Long Island City, was permitted to see her this morning. It was their first meeting since the girl was indicted on Nov. 15. District Attorney Wallace gave permission for Mrs. Humann and another daughter to see the prisoner.

The meeting, which was very affectionate, took place in one of the council rooms, and lasted fifteen minutes. Beyond expressing her confidence in her daughter's innocence, Mrs. Humann had nothing to say.

PAID TO AGREE ON BREAD CUT.

Twelve master bakers and half a dozen union employees met to-day in the office of Commissioner of Markets O'Malley, who is seeking to get the two sides together to reduce the price of bread. Both sides claimed a desire to make the reduction, but neither would enter into conference with the other. The reason for this was that the bakers want to deal directly with the master bakers, with whom they have contracts, and the master bakers want to be represented in any negotiations by Morris M. Frankel, secretary of their organization.

MILLER PROCLAIMS EDUCATION WEEK.

ALBANY, Dec. 3.—Gov. Miller has issued a proclamation designating the week of Dec. 4 to 10 as American Education Week. The proclamation is a request for co-operation of press, clergy, educators, patriotic and civic societies and community clubs in a vigorous effort, maintained throughout the week, to awaken public zeal for the cause of national education and intelligent Americanism.

CONNECTICUT Textile Wages Stable.

ONESCO, Conn., Dec. 3.—The question of wages in this part of Connecticut and western Rhode Island, where 25,000 hands are employed in textile plants, is settled for the winter, it was learned to-day. There will be no wage reduction in any textile plant in this mill belt and there will there be any change in hours of labor.

ROB WINDOW OF \$5,000 FURS.

Three burglars broke the window of the fur store of Charles Kurzman at No. 106 East Front Street, Plainfield, N. J., early to-day and fled in an automobile with furs and fur garments valued at \$5,000.

Life time and place be fixed for the next meeting, and he offered the use of his office.

"Well, we would like to let you get something here to-day," said Judge Scott, who added, "for once let us accept the Comptroller's hospitality."

It is proposed to submit the question raised by Mayor Hylan as to the legality of his qualifying as a member of the commission to the Attorney General for an opinion. Corporation Counsel O'Brien holds to the view that the Mayor would be vacating his own office if he accepted the appointment to a State body.

SINN FEIN CABINET CONSIDERS LATEST PEACE PROPOSALS

(Continued From First Page.)

back on their voyage to-day when the steamer Cambria, on which they were travelling, collided at 4 A. M. with a schooner soon after leaving Holyhead, England. The schooner was sunk and three of her crew drowned. The Cambria, although reporting only slightly damaged, was obliged to return to Holyhead.

The Irish delegates on board the steamer were Michael Collins, Sinn Féin Minister of Finance, George Gaven Duffy and Erskine Childers. They were on their way from London after the recent important conferences with Prime Minister Lloyd George and his advisers, and had been expected to take part in to-day's consideration by the Daily Eireann authorities of the British Government's latest proposals for a peace settlement.

Fears that the crucial conference in Dublin would be delayed, with the possible postponement of an answer to the British Government's new Irish settlement proposals were dispelled when it was found possible to transfer the Cambria's passengers to another steamer. This vessel left immediately for Ireland.

FRENCH DISCUSS GERMAN DEB.

Cabinet Takes Up Moratorium, for Which Berlin Has Decided to Ask.

PARIS, Dec. 3 (Associated Press).—The inter-Allied Reparations Commission will probably begin formal consideration of the proposal for a moratorium on Germany's foreign debts at the meeting to be held next Tuesday.